

#### **Lower Cost Higher Performance Graphite for LIBs**

Prepared by: Dr. Edward R. Buiel President and CEO

Coulometrics, LLC.

Date: March 23, 2017



**PURE**graphite

# Outline



- Company overview
- Review of natural graphite resources and flake quality from 12 different locations in the world
- Graphite process development for anode materials
- Full cell testing of new graphite anode materials

# **Company Overview**

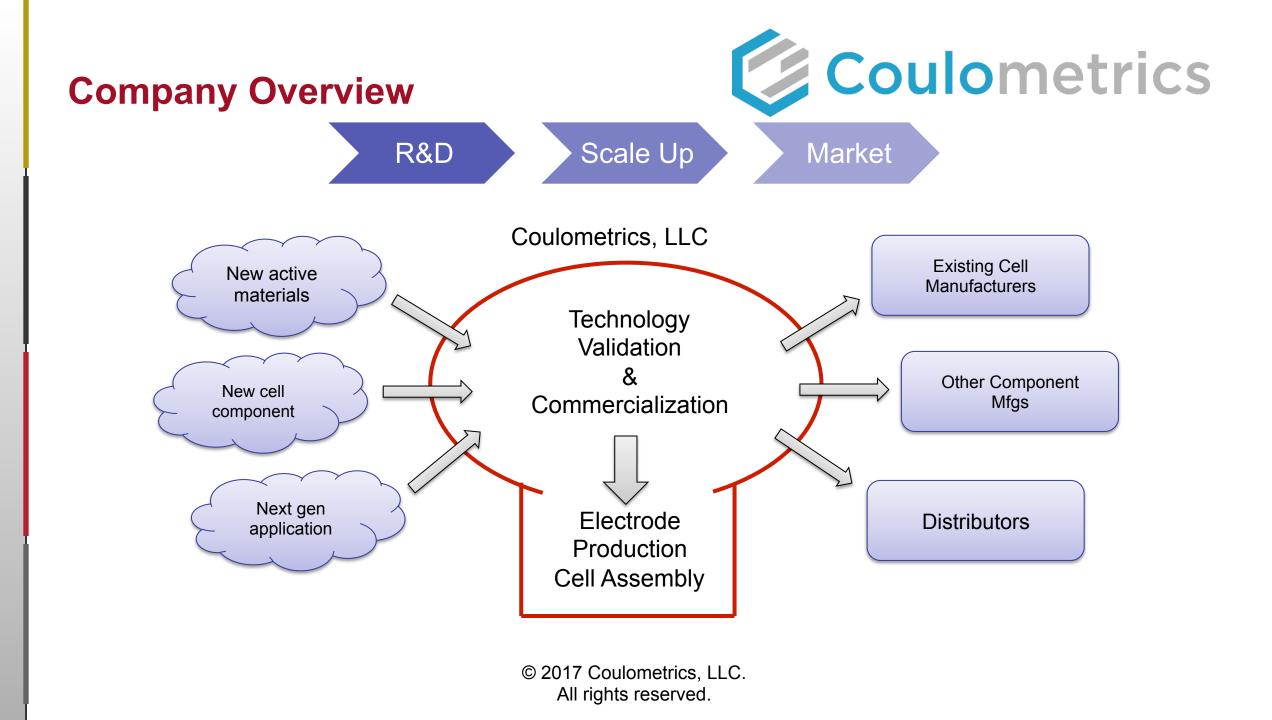


- Advanced Energy Storage Consulting
  - + Started 2011
    - Basic materials R&D
    - Manufacturing / scale-up
    - Systems integration









## **Electrode Coating**



#### **Pilot Scale Coating**



#### **Production Scale Coating**



# **Calendering and Assembly**



#### Electrode Roll Pressing

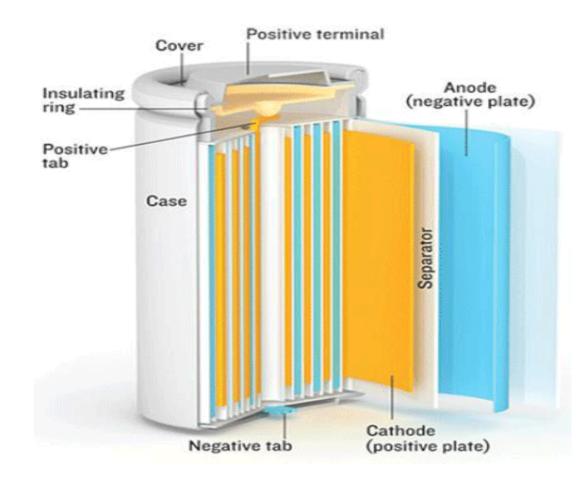


#### Cell Winding



# **18650 Cell Assembly**





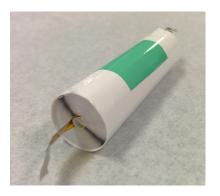




# **Cell Testing**



- 320 channels of Neware basic cyclers and formation
- 30 channels HPC
- 8 channels x 150A
- 2 channels x 500A





# **Natural Graphite Resources**



USGS:		Mine pro	-
<ul> <li>World total inferred reserve</li> </ul>	United States	2014	<u>2015°</u>
of recoverably graphite: 800 Million Tonnes	Brazil Canada	80 30	80 30
	China	780	780
+ Current production:	India	170	170
1,200,000 tpy (flake and	Korea, North	30	30
amorphous graphite)	Madagascar	5	5
Mainusas	Mexico	22	22
Main uses	Norway	8	8
<ul> <li>Refractory bricks and</li> </ul>	Russia	15	15
linings	Sri Lanka	4	4
0	Turkey	29	32
+ Brake linings	Ukraine	5	5
+ Lubricants	Zimbabwe	7	7
+ Steel making	Other countries World total (rounded)	<u>1</u> 1,190	<u>1</u> 1,190

- + LIB anode materials
  - > 70-80,000 tpy

# **Natural Graphite Resources**



- Large reserves of graphite with companies actively working to develop the resource
- Coulometrics has worked with about a dozen sources all over the world to sample and test the flake



#### **Rigorous Flake Concentrate Analysis**



#### • FLAKE ANALYSIS TESTING:

- Sieve samples to sizes shown in Table below.
  - + +50, 50x100, 100x200, 200x400, 400x635, -635 mesh
  - + Measure masses to get flake size distribution (Table 1)
  - + Tap Density and LOI (Table 2)
  - + Measure BET (Table 3)
- Grind samples to -635 mesh
  - + Repeat BET
  - + Add BET graph to report with both sieved and sieved/ground BET data
  - + Complete XRD
  - + Complete ash analysis on materials.
  - + Send samples for PIXE Analysis.
  - + EChem: Complete slurry, electrodes, coin cells, testing

#### Sieve the Graphite Flake Concentrate Into 6 Different Sizes



Coulometrics Control #	Flake Size (mesh)	Particle Size (mm)	Mass in Sieve (g)	Size Fraction (%)
	+50	0.300	0	0%
	50x100	0.300-0.150	0	0%
G16-0114	100x200	0.150-0.075	7.66	3.4%
610-0114	200x400	0.074-0.037	56.76	25.4%
	400x635	0.037-0.020	98.98	44.2%
	-635	0.020	60.41	27.0%

#### G16-0114 GSP Ore, Graphite Concentrate Tap & Ash Analysis



ID#	Flake Size	Tap Density	Size Fraction (%)	LOI – Ash Content (% carbon)	BET SA (As Received)	BET SA (Grnd to -635)
	(mesh)	(g/cc)		Average	Avg. (m²/g)	Avg. (m²/g)
	As Received	0.53	NA	96.43	5.36	6.04
	+50	NA	0%		N	A
	50x100	NA	0%		Ν	A
G16-0114	100x200	0.48	3.4%	97.80	3.40	6.55
	200x400	0.45	25.4%	97.53	4.15	6.01
	400x635	0.41	44.2%	96.95	5.08	6.95
	-635	0.40	27.0%	93.99	6.33	N/A

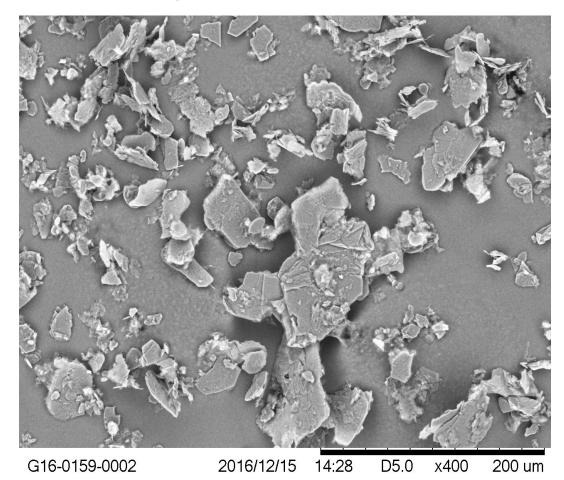
#### G16-0114 GSP Ore, Graphite Concentrate PIXE Impurity Analysis



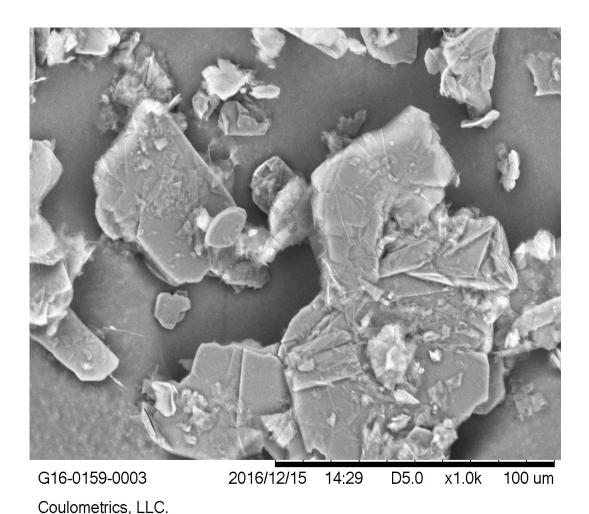
- Significant Impurities including:
  - + S (4560ppm)
  - + Si (7690ppm)
  - + Fe (2400 ppm)
  - + AI (3840ppm)

Carbon	n ID	0	escrip	otion					Na	I	Mg	Al		Si	ĺ	Ρ	S		Cl	К		Ca	Sc	Ti		V	Cr	Μ	In	Fe	Co		Ni	Cu
G16-01	L14	G	raphite	e Corp					367		327	3840	76	590			456	0	62	976	1	.67		15	6		37	6	j	2400			21	107
Zn	Ga	G	e A	s S	e E			Sr	Y		Nb			R	n I	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Cs	Ва	La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb
10	1		3			5	10			8		36																						
Dy	Но	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu	H	f 1	Га	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt /	۹u	Hg	ΤI	Pb	Bi	T	n U		otal - ppm												
																						20789												

# G16-0114 Graphitized GSP Ore SEM Analysis – 1000X







Coulometrics, LLC.

# G16-0114: As Received Electrode Preparation



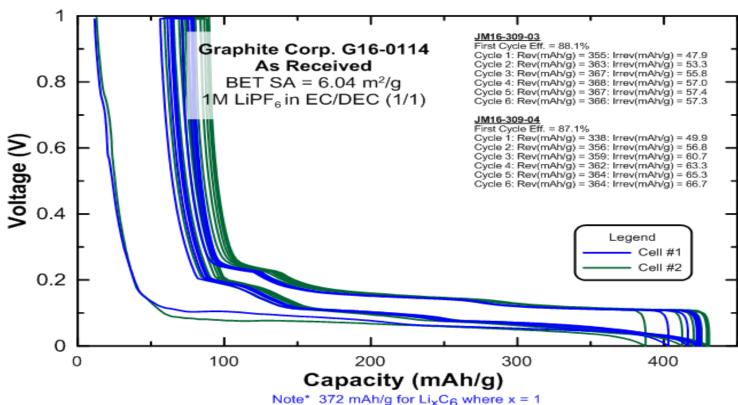
- Electrode Mixing Information:
  - + Active material (G16-0114): 92.0%
  - + Conductive carbon (SFG-6L): 2.0%
  - + Binder (Kynar HSV900/NMP): 6.0%

#### • Electrode Properties

- + Active mass: 92.0%
- + Loading: 13.76 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>
- + Calendered Density: 1.700 g/cc

### G16-0114: As Received 1M LiPF<sub>6</sub> in EC/DEC (1:1) Additives: None Electrochemical Data

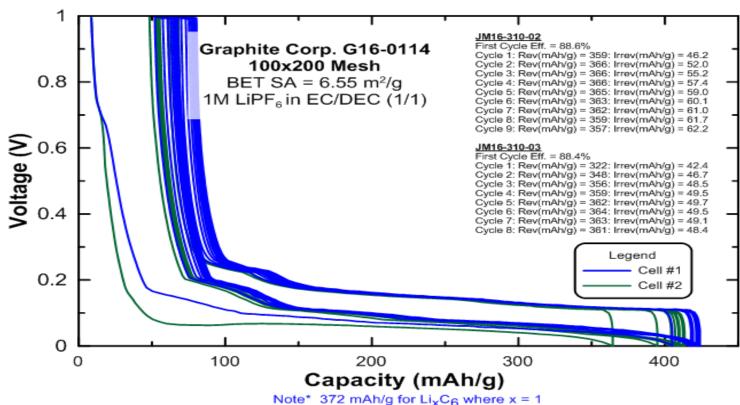
- C/20 cycling
  - + Rev. Cap
    - > 359 mAh/g
  - + Irrev. Cap.
    - > 48 mAh/g
  - + First cycle efficiency
    - > 87.6%



### G16-0114: 100x200 Mesh 1M LiPF<sub>6</sub> in EC/DEC (1:1) Additives: None Electrochemical Data

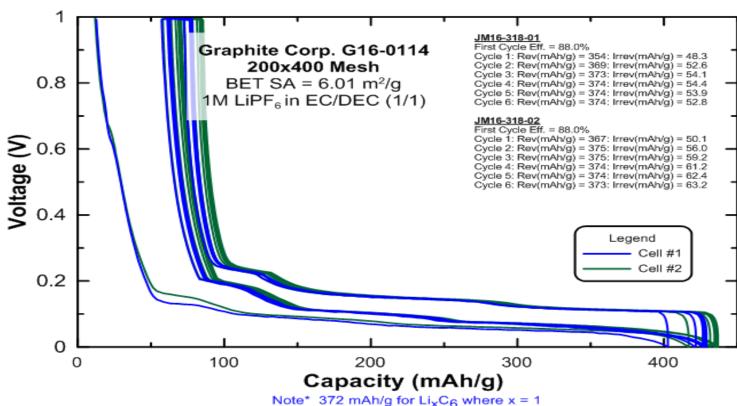


- + Rev. Cap
  - > 358 mAh/g
- + Irrev. Cap.
  - > 42.4 46.2 mAh/g
- + First cycle efficiency
  - > 88.5%



### G16-0114: 200x400 Mesh 1M LiPF<sub>6</sub> in EC/DEC (1:1) Additives: None Electrochemical Data

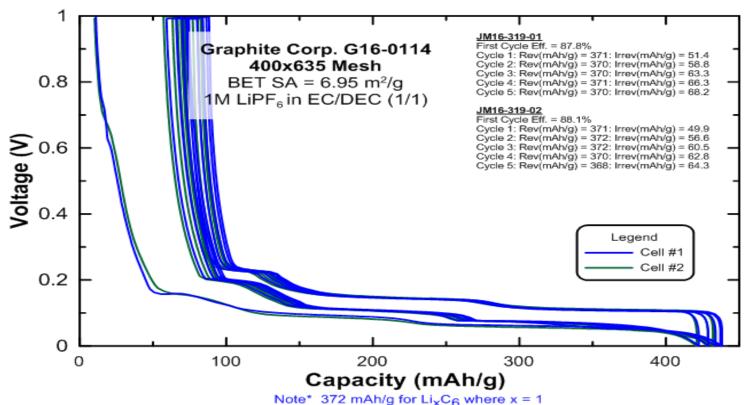
- C/20 cycling
  - + Rev. Cap
    - > 367 mAh/g
  - + Irrev. Cap.
    - > 48.3 50.1 mAh/g
  - + First cycle efficiency
    - ▶ 88.0%



### G16-0114: 400x635 Mesh 1M LiPF<sub>6</sub> in EC/DEC (1:1) Additives: None Electrochemical Data

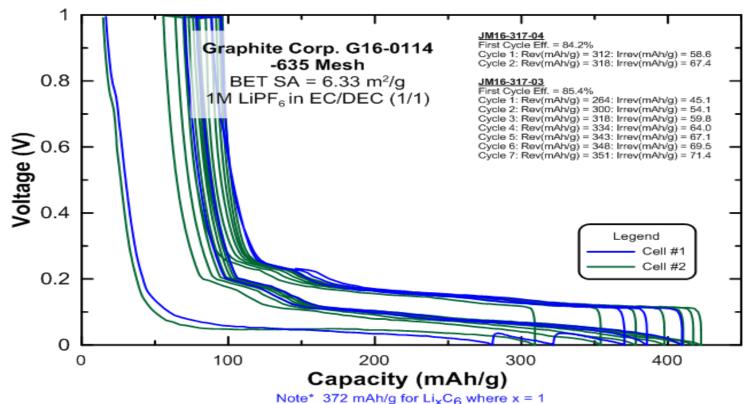


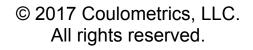
- + Rev. Cap
  - > 365 mAh/g
- + Irrev. Cap.
  - > 49.9 51.4 mAh/g
- + First cycle efficiency
  - ▶ 88.0%



### G16-0114: -635 Mesh 1M LiPF<sub>6</sub> in EC/DEC (1:1) Additives: None Electrochemical Data

- C/20 cycling
  - + Rev. Cap
    - > 344 mAh/g
  - + Irrev. Cap.
    - > 59.6 mAh/g
  - + First cycle efficiency
    - > 84.2 %





#### G16-0114 GSP Ore, Graphite Concentrate Electrochemical Data Summary



	Flake Size	eChem Results									
ID#	Ground to -635 mesh	Rev. Capacity (mAh/g)	Irrev. Capacity (mAh/g)	First Cycle Efficiency (%)							
	As Received	359	47.9	88.1							
	+50	Not enough material after sieving									
	50x100	Not enough material after sieving									
G16-0114	100x200	358	42.4	88.6							
	200x400	367	48.3	88.0							
	400x635	365	49.9	88.1							
	-635	344	58.6	85.4							

Note: Numbers subject to change as cells cycle more.

# **Natural Graphite Resources**



- Repeated for 12 different deposits from junior mines all over the world
- All deposits showed similar results
  - + 94-98% purity
  - + Rev capacity 355-365 mAh/g
  - + Range of flake sizes



# **Graphite Process Development**

- Standard Process used in China Today (95% of worlds Natural Graphite)
  - + Flake Concentrate
  - + Spheronize Graphite
  - + Acid purification process
     > HF/HCI/H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
  - + Pitch coating
  - + Calcination

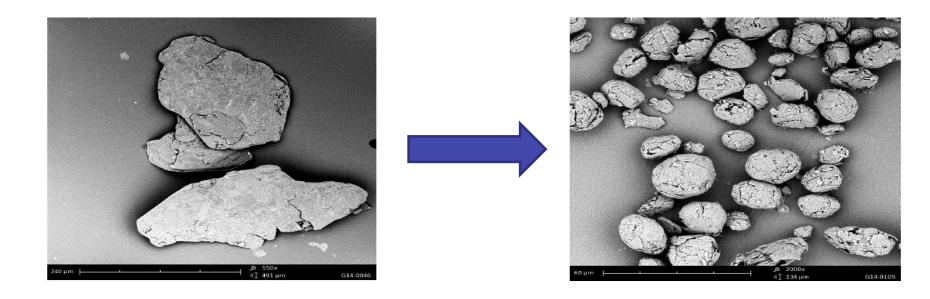


- New Process (more suitable for use in the United State)
  - + Flake Concentrate
  - + Spheronize Graphite
  - + Thermal Purification
  - + CVD Coating

# Spherical Carbon Process Development

- Spheronizing
- Purification
- Coating





#### Thermal Purification Temperature: 2600-2950°C PIXE Analysis

- Significant Impurities including:
  - + AI, Si, and Mo : 15 50ppm
  - + AI (50ppm), Si (22ppm), Mo (15ppm)
  - + Fe <10ppm
  - + Ni <5ppm
  - + V <10ppm



Ash Test = 99.99% Carbon

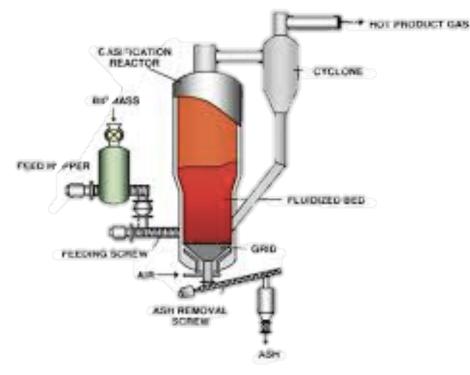


Carbor	n ID	D	escrip	tion					Na	M	Ţ.	Al		Si		Р	S		Cl	К	C	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	/	Cr	Mn		Fe	Co	ſ	Ni	Cu
G16-02	159	Gi	raphite	Corp Pl	=							50		22											8	;				5		1	.8	
Zn	Ga	G	e A	s S	e E	ßr	Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	N	10	Тс	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Те	I	Cs	Ва	La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb
												1	.5																					
Dy	Но	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu	Hf	Т	а	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	TI	Pb	Bi	Th	U		tal - pm												
																					10	)1.8												

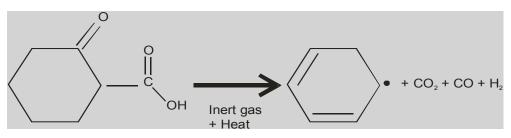
# **CVD** Coating



- Reduce surface area
- Eliminate functional groups



Proprietary Information



#### Figure 1: Heat treatment process used to eliminate surface functional

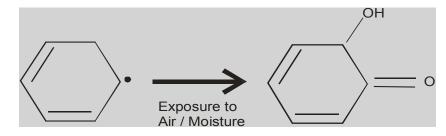
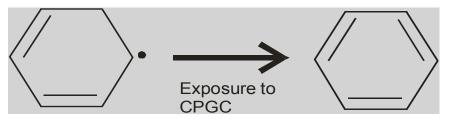


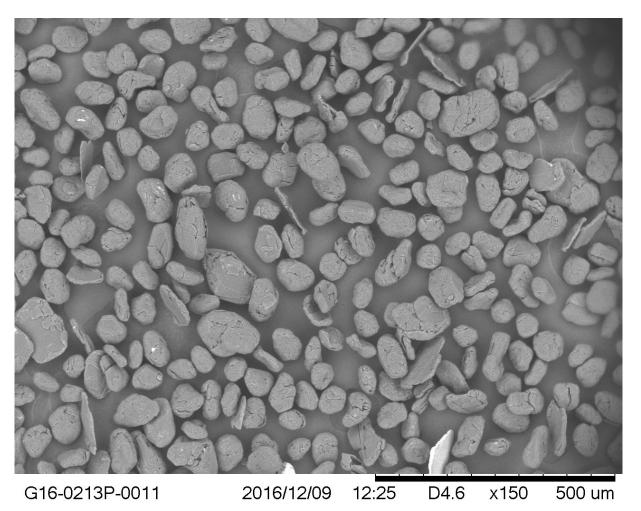
Figure 2: Residual carbon radicals react to form OH and O containing and are the source of H<sub>2</sub>O in the cell.



# **Natural Graphite Product**



ID	Analysis	Value	Units
	Tap Density	1.06	g/cc
	BET Avg.	3.73	m²/g
	D <sub>10</sub>	11.09	
	D <sub>50</sub>	μm	
G16-0114	D <sub>90</sub>	32.17	
	LOI – Ash Content	>99.995	% Carbon
	Capacity	365	mAh/g
	1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle Efficiency	94	%

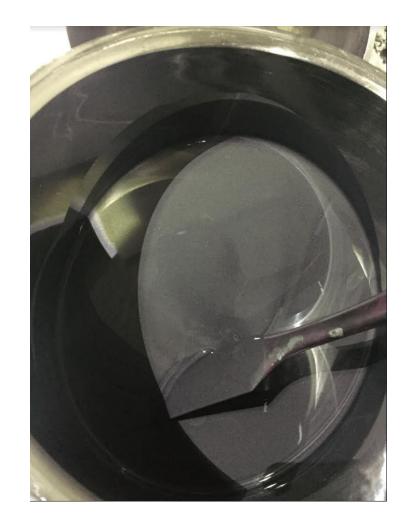


Coulometrics, LLC

# **Slurry Development**



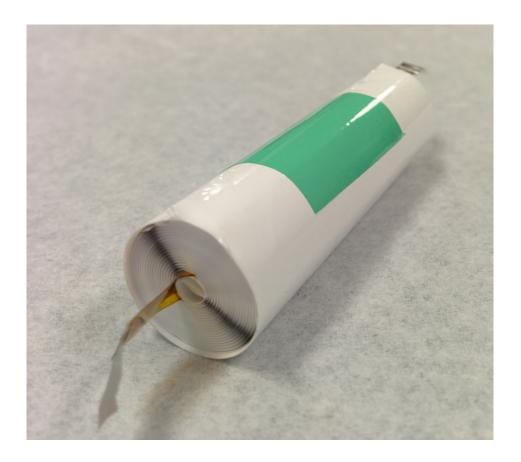
- Mix graphite with conductive additives to develop a slurry suitable for slot-die coating
- Properties:
  - + Carbon black must be well dispersed
  - + Good stable dispersion
  - + No agglomeration
- Stable dispersions are developed for each graphite material regardless of how long it takes



# **Cell Assembly and Testing**



- 18650 batteries are assembled
- Cathode:
  - + NMC 111
- Electrolyte
  - + EC/EMC 3:7 + 1M LiPF<sub>6</sub>
  - + Additives:
    - Standard LIB Additives
    - Coulometrics proprietary additives for improved SEI layer formation and improved life
- Typical capacity:
  - + 2.2-2.4 Ah



# **Cell Testing**

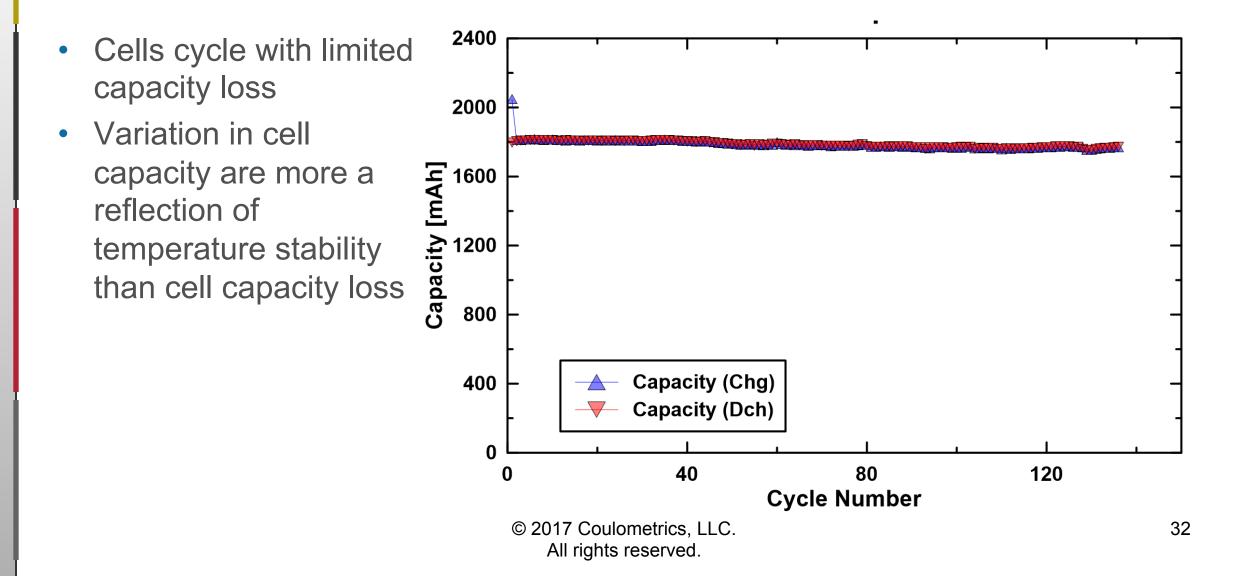


- Initial formation is completed using Neware system
- Cell capacity is measured
- Cell is cycled 5-10 times



# Standard Cell Cycling at 21°C





# **Cell Cycling**

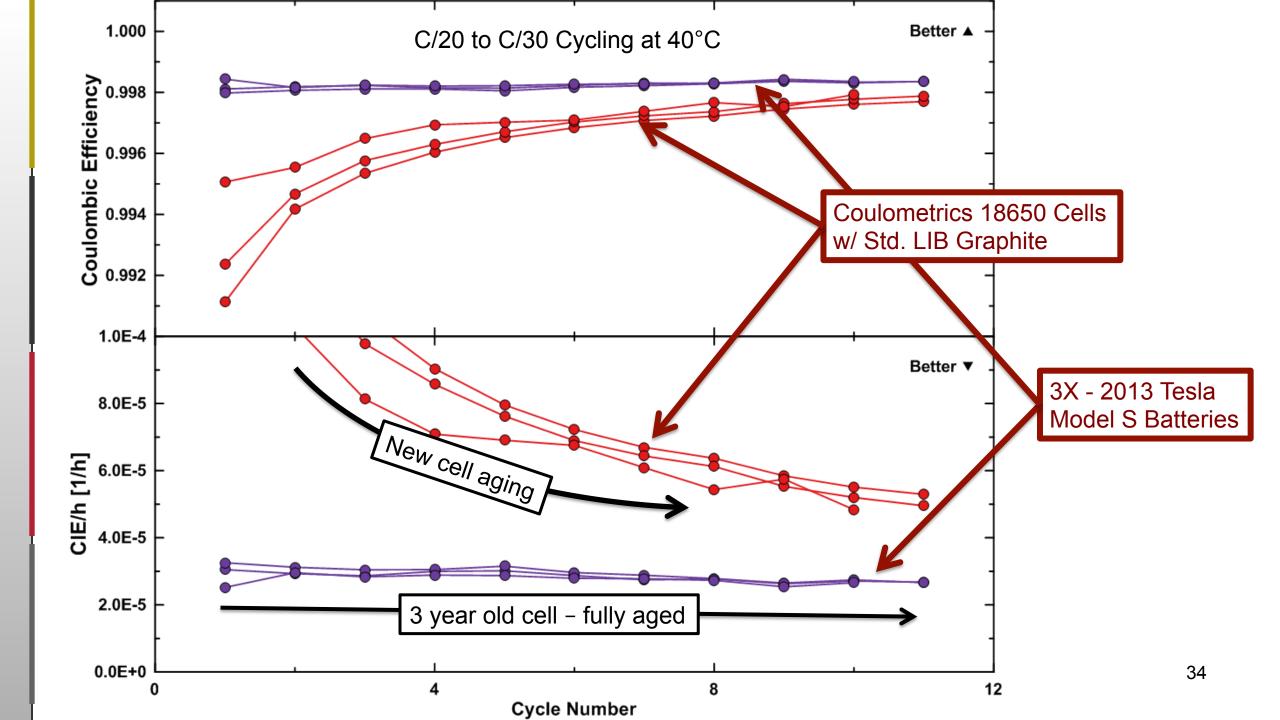


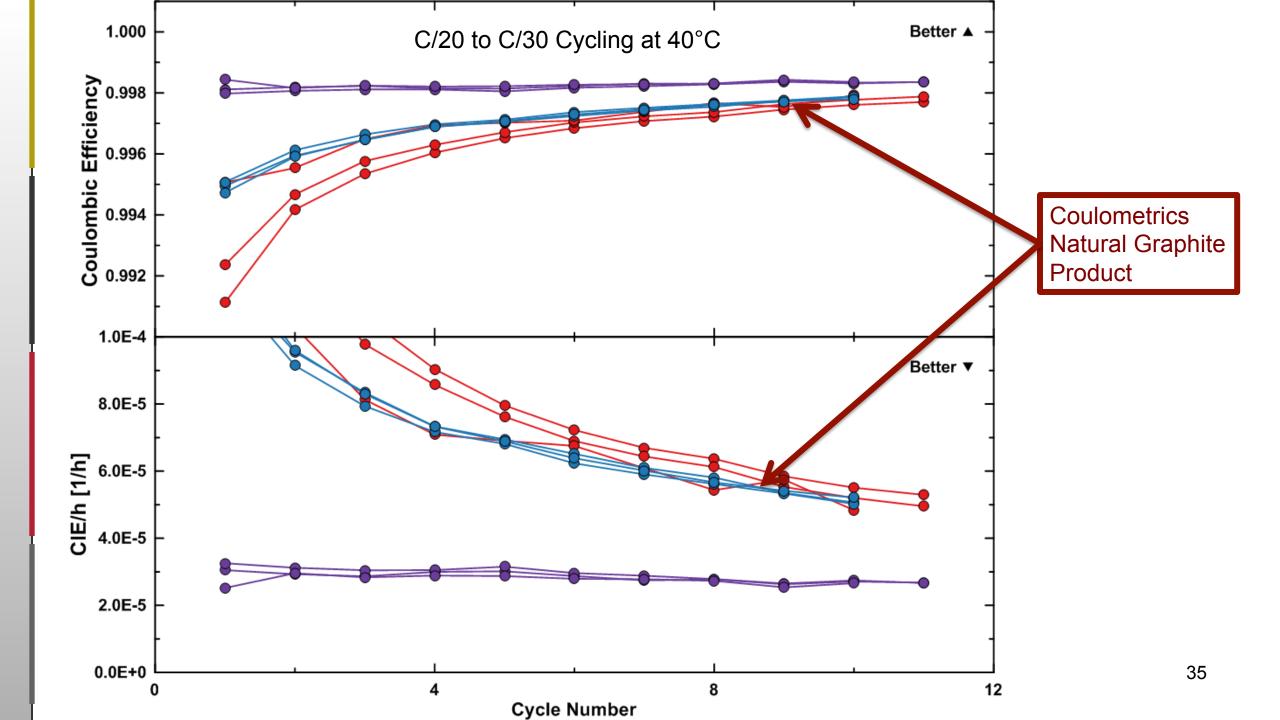
- How do you test for cell life?
  - + If you cathode / anode are good (and they should be) then the same amount of lithium
  - + Cell will cycle with almost constant capacity and then die quickly
  - Can take 1-2 years to cycle a cell at 40°C
  - + Higher temperatures can lead to new failure mechanisms
- What can you do?
  - + High Precision Coulometry
    - Measure loss of electrons per cycle due to oxidation/ reduction of the electrolyte

Cycles flat **Dies Quickly** Use HPC (High Precision Coulometry) to determine this point.

#### Cycle Number

Capacity





# **GRAPHITE CORPS COULOMETRICS JOINT VENTURE**



 Coulometrics and Graphite Corps have agreed to develop new graphite materials for LIBs under a new company called: PUREGraphite

+ Environmentally friendly process
 > 2018 → 1,000 tpy
 > Easily scalable to over 100,000 tpy







# National Science Foundation WHERE DISCOVERIES BEGIN



This work was supported by: **National Science Foundation** under Grant No. 1315040 (CVD Process for Coating Graphite)

and by: **Department of Energy** under Grant No. DE-SC0015953 (High yield spheronization).

**Thank You!** 

#### Contact information:

Dr. Edward R. Buiel Coulometrics, LLC 423-954-7766 ebuiel@coulometrics.com